
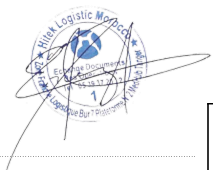



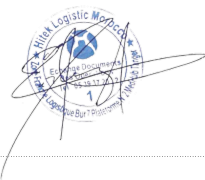
**HOUSE BILL OF LADING**

**ORIGINAL**

Shipper's Name and Address ANTOLIN, TANGIER-MOROCCO STEEP PLASTIQUE, MOROCCO ATG TANGIER, MOROCCO FIBRAX, MOROCCO SACRED, MOROCCO LEONI BERRECHID, MOROCCO		Booking No. <b>260311785</b>	File # <b>EO-010465</b>	
Consignee's Name and Address LEONI WIRING SYSTEMS DE PARAGUAY SRL RUC) 80080122-9-JUAN PABLO OCAMPOS ESQUINA SAN ISIDRO- BARRIO SAM ISIDRO SAN LORENZO Paraguay 00754				
Notify party LEONI WIRING SYSTEMS DE PARAGUAY SRL RUC) 80080122-9-JUAN PABLO OCAMPOS ESQUINA SAN ISIDRO- BARRIO SAM ISIDRO SAN LORENZO Paraguay 00754		Country of origin MOROCCO	Country of destination BRAZIL	
		Also Notify / Routing Instructions MARIMEX DESPACHOS TRANSP SERV LTDA 62, R XAVIER PINHEIRO SANTOS 11015-090 BRAZIL CNPJ-Brazil - 45050663000159		
Origin MOROCCO	Place of Receipt TANGIER			
Vessel - Voyage MAERSK LINS - 539S	Port of Loading TANGIER MED	Containerized <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	HBL No. <b>EO-010465</b>	
Port of discharge PARANAGUA	Final destination PARANAGUA	Sailing Date <b>14/10/2025</b>	Excess Value Declaration: Refer to clause 6(4) (B) + (C) on reverse side	
Marks & Numbers	No. of Pkgs	Description of Goods & Pkgs	Gross Weight	Measurement
Ctnr# MRKU7174395 Seal# ML-MA0145632 Seal# 11788583 Type: 20std	22	1 PLT // ANTOLIN // <b>9320041339</b> // TERMINAL // HS CODE : 8536.90.90.000 1 PLT // ANTOLIN // <b>9320041384</b> // TERMINAL // HS CODE : 8536.90.90.000 4 PLT // STEEP PLASTIQUE // <b>5502216</b> // CABLECANAL PLAST // HS CODE : 3926.90.90.000 5 PLT // ATG // <b>710/2025</b> // CAVITY PLUG // HS CODE : 4016.99.90.000 3 PLT // ATG // <b>781/2025</b> // CAVITY PLUG // HS CODE : 4016.99.90.000 1 PLT // LEONI BERRENCHID // <b>62/25/385867</b> // HS CODE : 8544.42.00.100 1 PLT // MOROCCO PRECISION MOULDINGS // <b>2025001004</b> // CAVITY PLUG // HS CODE : 4016.99.90.000 6 PLT // SACRED // <b>25339</b> // GROMMET // HS CODE : 4016.10.10.000  "GOODS IN TRANSIT TO ASUNCION, PARAGUAY VIA PARANAGUA, BRAZIL, UNDER CONSIGNEE'S RISK AND ACCOUNT. FINAL DESTINATION PARAGUAY"	2,575.35 Kgs	25.400 CBM
<b>FREIGHT COLLECT</b>				
Freight and charges payable at		By	Cargo insurance through	
Remarks OCEAN FREIGHT : 2200 USD FOR 1*20 GP				
Freight Rates and Charges	Prepaid	Collect	In ACCEPTING THIS BILL OF LADING, the Shipper, Consignee, Holder hereof, and Owner of the goods are to be bound by all of its stipulations, exceptions and conditions, whether written, printed or stamped on the back hereof, as well as the provisions of the above Carrier's published Tariff Rules and Regulations, as if they were all signed by such Shipper, Consignee, Holder or Owner, and it is further agreed that Containers stowed on Deck, as per Clause 6, IN WITNESS WHERE OF, the Master of the said vessel has affixed to three(3) bills of lading, all of this tenor and date, ONE of which being accomplished, the other to stand Paid.	
Carrier's "package" limitations of liability applies.	TOTAL		Issued At <b>TANGIER, MOROCCO</b>  Dated <b>13/10/2025</b>	
Documents Required:			Signed	
			Bill of Lading	<b>260311785</b>

**HOUSE BILL OF LADING**

**ORIGINAL**

Shipper's Name and Address ANTOLIN, TANGIER-MOROCCO STEEP PLASTIQUE, MOROCCO ATG TANGIER, MOROCCO FIBRAX, MOROCCO SACRED, MOROCCO LEONI BERRECHID, MOROCCO		Booking No. <b>260311785</b>		File # <b>EO-010465</b>	
Consignee's Name and Address LEONI WIRING SYSTEMS DE PARAGUAY SRL RUC) 80080122-9-JUAN PABLO OCAMPOS ESQUINA SAN ISIDRO- BARRIO SAM ISIDRO SAN LORENZO Paraguay 00754					
Notify party LEONI WIRING SYSTEMS DE PARAGUAY SRL RUC) 80080122-9-JUAN PABLO OCAMPOS ESQUINA SAN ISIDRO- BARRIO SAM ISIDRO SAN LORENZO Paraguay 00754		Country of origin <b>MOROCCO</b>		Country of destination <b>BRAZIL</b>	
		Also Notify / Routing Instructions <b>MARIMEX DESPACHOS TRANSP SERV LTDA</b> 62, R XAVIER PINHEIRO SANTOS 11015-090 BRAZIL CNPJ-Brazil - 45050663000159			
Origin <b>MOROCCO</b>	Place of Receipt <b>TANGIER</b>				
Vessel - Voyage <b>MAERSK LINS - 539S</b>	Port of Loading <b>TANGIER MED</b>		Containerized <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No		HBL No. <b>EO-010465</b>
Port of discharge <b>PARANAGUA</b>		Final destination <b>PARANAGUA</b>		Sailing Date <b>14/10/2025</b>	
		Excess Value Declaration: Refer to clause 6(4) (B) + (C) on reverse side			
Marks & Numbers	No. of Pkgs	Description of Goods & Pkgs		Gross Weight	Measurement
WOODEN PACKAGE USED: TREATED / CERTIFIED					
<b>FREIGHT COLLECT</b>					
2/3					
Freight and charges payable at		By		Cargo insurance through	
Remarks <b>OCEAN FREIGHT : 2200 USD FOR 1*20 GP</b>					
Freight Rates and Charges		Prepaid	Collect	In ACCEPTING THIS BILL OF LADING, the Shipper, Consignee, Holder hereof, and Owner of the goods are to be bound by all of its stipulations, exceptions and conditions, wheter written, printed or stamped on the back hereof, as well as the provisions of the above Carrier's published Tariff Rules and Regulations, as if they were all signed by such Shipper, Consignee, Holder or Owner, and it is futher agreed that Containers stowed on Deck, as per Clause 6, IN WITNESS WHERE OF, the Master of the said vessel has affired to three(3) bills of lading, all of this tenor and date, ONE of which being accomplished, the other to stand Paid.	
Carrier's "package" limitations of liability applies.		TOTAL		Issued At <b>TANGIER, MOROCCO</b> Dated <b>13/10/2025</b>	
Documents Required:			Signed		
					Bill of Lading <b>260311785</b>

# TERMS AND CONDITIONS

## 1. DEFINITIONS

"Carrier" means the company on whose behalf this Bill of Lading has been signed.  
"Merchant" includes the shipper, the consignee, the receiver of the Goods the holder of this Bill of Lading, any person owning or entitled to the possession of the Goods of this Bill of Lading, any person having a present or future interest in the Goods or any person acting on behalf of any of the above mentioned persons.  
"Goods" includes the cargo supplied by the Merchant and includes any Container not supplied by or on behalf of the Carrier.  
"Container" includes any container, trailer, transportable tank, lift van, flat, pallet or any similar article of transport used to consolidate goods.  
"Carriage" means the whole of the operations and services undertaken or performed by or on behalf of the Carrier in respect of the Goods.  
"Combined Transport" arises where the Carriage covered by this Bill of Lading is not a Port to Port Shipment  
"Port to Port Shipment" arises where the Place of Receipt and the Place of Delivery are not indicated on the front of this Bill of Lading or if both the Place of Receipt and the Place of Delivery indicated are ports and the Bill of Lading does not in the nomination of the Place of Receipt or the Place of Delivery on the front hereof specify a place within the area of the ports so nominated.  
"Hague Rules" means the provisions of the International Convention for Unification of certain Rules relating to Bills of Lading signed at Brussels on 25th August 1924.  
"Hague-Visby Rules" means the Hague Rules as amended by the Protocol signed at Brussels on 23rd February 1968.  
"COGSA" means the Carriage of Goods by Sea Act of the United States of America approved on 16th April 1936.  
"COGWA" means the Hague-Visby Rules as enacted in Canada by the Marine Liability Act, 2001, S.C. c.6.  
"Charges" includes freight and all expenses and money obligations incurred and payable by the Merchant.  
"Shipping Unit" includes freight unit and the term "unit" as used in the Hague Rules and Hague-Visby Rules.  
"Person" includes an individual, a partnership, a body corporate or other entity.  
"Stuffed" includes filled, consolidated, packed, loaded or secured.

## 2. CARRIER'S TARIFF

The provisions of the Carrier's applicable Tariff, if any, are incorporated herein. Copies of such provisions can be obtained from the Carrier or his agents upon request or, where applicable, from a government body with whom the Tariff has been filed. In the case of inconsistency between this Bill of Lading and the applicable Tariff, this Bill of Lading shall prevail.

## 3. WARRANTY

The Merchant warrants that in agreeing to the terms hereof he is or is the agent of and has the authority of the person owning or entitled to the possession of the Goods or any person who has a present or future interest in the Goods.

## 4. NEGOTIABILITY AND TITLE TO THE GOODS

(1) This Bill of Lading shall be non-negotiable unless made out "to order" in which event it shall be negotiable and shall constitute title to the Goods and the holder shall be entitled to receive or to transfer the Goods herein described.  
(2) This Bill of Lading shall be prima fade evidence of the taking in charge by the Carrier of the Goods as herein described.

## 5. CERTAIN RIGHTS AND IMMUNITIES FOR THE CARRIER AND OTHER PERSONS. (1)

The Carrier shall be entitled to sub-contract on the Merchant's behalf on any terms the whole or any part of the Carriage. (2) Any sub-contractor, person or vessel whatsoever, their agents or servants shall have the benefit of all provisions herein benefitting the Carrier as if such provisions were expressly for his benefit. In entering into this contract the Carrier does so not only in his own behalf but also as agent or trustee for such sub-contractors, persons, vessels, their agents and servants such that they may claim the benefits from this contract. (3) The Merchant shall defend, indemnify and hold harmless the Carrier against any claim or liability and any expense arising therefrom arising from the Carriage of Goods insofar as such claim or liability exceeds the Carrier's liability under this Bill of Lading. (4) Defences and limits of liability provided for in this Bill of Lading shall apply in any action against the Carrier whether the action is based in contract or in Tort.

## 6. CARRIER'S RESPONSIBILITY

### (1) CLAUSE PARAMOUNT

(A) Subject to clause 13 below, this Bill of Lading insofar as it relates to sea carriage by any vessel whether named herein or not shall have effect subject to the Hague Rules or any legislation making such Rules or the Hague-Visby Rules compulsorily applicable such as COGSA or COGWA) to this Bill of Lading and the provisions of the Hague Rules or applicable legislation shall be deemed incorporated herein. The Hague Rules (or COGSA or COGWA if this Bill of Lading is subject to US or Canadian law respectively) shall apply to the carriage of Goods by inland waterways and reference to carriage by sea in such Rules or legislation shall be deemed to include reference to inland waterways. (B) And to the extent that the provisions of the Harter Act of the United States of America 1893 would otherwise be compulsorily applicable to regulate the Carrier's responsibility for the Goods during any period prior to loading on or after discharge from the vessel the Carrier's responsibility shall instead be determined by the provisions of 6(2) below, but if such provisions are found to be invalid such responsibility shall be subject to COGSA.  
(B) The Carrier shall be entitled to (and nothing in this Bill of Lading shall operate to deprive or limit such entitlement) the full benefit of, and rights to, all limitations and exclusions of liability and all rights conferred or authorized by any applicable law, statute or regulation of any country.

### (2) PORT TO PORT SHIPMENT

The responsibility of the Carrier is limited to that part of the Carriage from and during loading onto the vessel up to and during discharge from the vessel and the Carrier shall not be liable for any loss or damage whatsoever in respect of the Goods or for any other matter arising during any other part of the Carriage even though Charges for the whole Carriage have been charged by the Carrier. The Merchant constitutes the Carrier as agent to enter into contracts on behalf of the Merchant with others for transport, storage, handling or any other services in respect of the Goods prior to loading and subsequent to discharge of the Goods from the vessel without responsibility for any act or omission whatsoever on the part of the Carrier or others and the Carrier may as such agent enter into contracts with others on any terms whatsoever including terms less favourable than the terms in this Bill of Lading.

### (3) COMBINED TRANSPORT

Subject to and save as otherwise provided in this Bill of Lading, the Carrier may be found liable in case of combined transport for loss of or damage to the Goods occurring from the time that the Goods are taken into his charge until the time of delivery to the extent set out below:

(A) Where the stage of Carriage where the loss or damage occurred cannot be proved:  
(i) The Carrier shall be entitled to rely upon all exclusions of liability under the Rules or legislation that would have applied under 6(1)(A) above had the loss or damage occurred at sea or, if there was no carriage by sea, under the Hague Rules (or COGSA or COGWA if this Bill of Lading is subject to US or Canadian law respectively).  
(ii) Where under (i) above, the Carrier is not liable in respect of some of the factors causing the loss or damage, he shall only be liable to the extent that those factors for which he is liable have contributed to the loss or damage.  
(iii) Subject to 6(4)(C) below, where the Hague Rules or any legislation applying such Rules or the Hague-Visby Rules (such as COGSA or COGWA) is not compulsorily applicable, the Carrier's liability shall not exceed USD42.00 per kilo of the gross weight of the Goods lost damaged or in respect of which the claim arises or the value of such Goods, whichever is the lesser.  
(iv) The value of the Goods shall be determined according to the commodity exchange price at the place and time of delivery to the Merchant or at the place and time when they should have been so delivered or if there is no such price according to the current market price by reference to the normal value of Goods of the same kind and quality, at such place and time.  
(B) Where the stage of Carriage where the loss or damage occurred can be proved:  
(i) The liability of the Carrier shall be determined by the provisions contained in any international convention or national law of the country which provisions:  
(a) cannot be departed from by private contract to the detriment of the Merchant, and (b) would have applied if the Merchant had made a separate and direct contract with the Carrier in respect of the particular stage of Carriage where the loss or damage occurred and had received as evidence thereof any particular document which must be issued in order to make such international convention or national law applicable; (i) with respect to the transportation in the United States of America or in Canada to the Port of Loading or from the Port of Discharge the responsibility of the Carrier shall be to procure transportation by carriers (one or more) and such transportation shall be subject to the inland carriers' contracts of carriage and tariffs and any law compulsorily applicable. (iii) where neither (i) or (ii) above apply, any liability of the Carrier shall be determined by 6(3)(A) above.

### (4) GENERAL PROVISIONS

(A) DELAY, CONSEQUENTIAL LOSS  
Save as otherwise provided herein, the Carrier shall in no circumstances be liable for any direct, indirect or consequential loss or damage caused by delay howsoever caused.

Without prejudice to the foregoing, if the Carrier is found liable for delay, liability shall be limited to freight applicable to the relevant stage of the transport.

### (B) PACKAGE OR SHIPPING UNIT LIMITATION

Where the Hague Rules, Hague-Visby Rules or any legislation making such Rules compulsorily applicable (such as COGSA or COGWA) to this Bill of Lading apply, the Carrier shall nonetheless a declared value has been noted in accordance with (C) below, be or become liable for any loss or damage to or in connection with the Goods in an amount per package or shipping unit in excess shipping unit limitation as laid down by such Rules or legislation. Such limitation amount according to the package or to COGSA is US\$500. If no limitation amount is applicable under such Rules or legislation, the limitation shall be US 0500

### (C) AD VALOREM: DECLARED VALUE OF PACKAGE OR SHIPPING UNIT

The Carrier's liability may be increased to a higher value by a declaration in writing as to the value of the Goods by the shipper upon delivery to the Carrier of the Goods for shipment provided that such higher value has been inserted on the front of this Bill of Lading in the space provided and that extra freight has been agreed and paid for such a higher value. In such case, if the actual value of the Goods shall exceed such declared value, the value shall nevertheless be deemed to be the declared value and the Carrier's liability, if any, shall not exceed the declared value and any partial loss or damage shall be adjusted pro rata on the basis of such declared value.

### (D) DEFINITION OF PACKAGE OR SHIPPING UNIT

Where a Container is used to consolidate Goods and such Container is stuffed by the Carrier, the number of packages or shipping units stated on the face of this Bill of Lading in the box provided shall be deemed the number of packages or shipping units for the purpose of any limit of liability per package or shipping unit provided in any international convention or national law relating to the carriage of Goods by sea. Except as aforesaid, the Container shall be considered the package or shipping unit.

The words "shipping unit" shall mean each physical unit or piece of cargo not shipped in a package, including articles and things of any description whatsoever, except Goods shipped in bulk, and irrespective of the weight or measurement unit employed in calculating freight charges. As to Goods shipped in bulk the limitation applicable thereto shall be the limitation provided in such convention or law which may be applicable, and in no event shall anything herein be construed to be a waiver of limitation as to Goods shipped in bulk.  
(E) RUST, ETC.

It is agreed that superficial rust, oxidation or any like condition due to moisture, is not a condition of damage but is inherent to the nature of the Goods and acknowledgement of receipt of the Goods in apparent good order and condition is not a representation that such conditions of rust, oxidation or the like did not exist on receipt.

### (F) NOTICE OF LOSS OR DAMAGE

The Carrier shall be deemed, prima facie to have delivered the Goods as described in this Bill of Lading unless notice of loss of, or damage to, the Goods, indicating the general nature of such loss or damage, shall have been given in writing to the Carrier or to his representative at the place of delivery before or at the time of removal of the Goods into the custody of the person entitled to delivery thereof under this Bill of Lading or, if the loss or damage is not apparent, within three consecutive days thereafter.

### (G) TIME-BAR

The Carrier shall be discharged of all liability whatsoever unless suit is brought in the proper forum and written notice thereof received by the Carrier within nine months after delivery of the Goods or the date when the Goods should have been delivered. In the event that such time period shall be found contrary to any convention or law compulsorily applicable, the period prescribed by such convention or law shall then apply but in that circumstance only.

## 7. MERCHANT'S RESPONSIBILITY

(1) The description and particulars of the Goods set out on the face hereof are furnished by the Merchant and the Merchant warrants to the Carrier that the description and particulars including, but not limited to, of weight, contents, measure, quantity, quality, condition, marks, numbers and value are correct.

(2) The Merchant shall comply with all applicable laws, regulations, requirements of customs, port and other authorities and shall bear and pay all duties, taxes, fines, expenses and losses incurred, incurred or suffered by reason thereof or by reason of any illegal, incorrect or insufficient marking or numbering of the Goods.

(3) The Merchant undertakes that the Goods are packed in a manner adequate to withstand the ordinary risks of Carriage having regard to their nature and in compliance with all laws, regulations and requirements which may be applicable.

(4) No Goods which are or may become dangerous, inflammable or damaging or which are or may become liable to damage any property or person whatsoever shall be tendered to the Carrier for Carriage without the Carrier's express consent in writing and without the Goods, the Container or other package containing the Goods being distinctly marked on the outside no as to indicate the nature and character of any such articles and so as to comply with all applicable laws, regulations and requirements. If any such articles are delivered to the Carrier without such written consent and marking or if in the opinion of the Carrier the articles are or are liable to become a dangerous, inflammable or damaging nature, the same may at any time be destroyed, disposed of, abandoned, or rendered harmless without compensation to the Merchant and without prejudice to the Carrier's right to Charges.

(5) The Merchant shall be liable for the loss, damage, contamination, soiling, detention or demurrage before, during and after the Carriage of property (including, but not limited to, Containers) of the Carrier or of any person or vessel (other than the Merchant) caused by the Goods, the Merchant or any person acting on his behalf or for which the Merchant is otherwise responsible.

(6) The Merchant shall defend, indemnify and hold harmless the Carrier against any loss, damage, claim, liability or expense whatsoever arising from any breach of the provisions of this clause 7 or from any cause in connection with the Goods for which the Carrier is not responsible.

## 8. CONTAINERS

(1) Goods may be stuffed by the Carrier in Containers and Goods may be stuffed with other Goods.  
(2) The terms of this Bill of Lading shall govern the responsibility of the Carrier in connection with or arising out of the supply of a Container to the Merchant, whether supplied before or after the Goods are received by the Carrier or delivered to the Merchant.  
(3) If a Container has been stuffed by or on behalf of the Merchant:  
(A) The Carrier shall not be liable for loss of or damage to the Goods  
(i) caused by the manner in which the Container has been stuffed;  
(ii) caused by the unsuitability of the Goods for carriage in Containers;  
(iii) caused by the unsuitability or defective condition of the Container provided that where the Container has been supplied by or on behalf of the Carrier, this paragraph (iii) shall only apply if the unsuitability or defective condition arose (a) without any want of due diligence on the part of the Carrier or (b) would have been apparent upon reasonable inspection by the Merchant at or prior to the time when the Container was stuffed; or  
(iv) if the Container is not sealed at the commencement of the Carriage except where the Carrier has agreed to seal the Container. (B) The Merchant shall defend, indemnify and hold harmless the Carrier against any loss, damage, claim, liability or expense whatsoever arising from one or more of the matters covered by (A) above.  
(4) Where the Carrier is instructed to provide a Container, in the absence of a written request to the contrary, the Carrier is not under an obligation to provide a Container of any particular type or quality.

## 9. TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED CARGO

(1) The Merchant undertakes not to tender for transportation any Goods which require temperature control without previously giving written notice and filling in the box on the front of this Bill of Lading of the particular temperature range to be maintained. In the case of a temperature controlled Container stuffed by or on behalf of the Merchant, the Merchant further undertakes that the Container has been properly pre-cooled, that the Goods have been properly stuffed in the Container and that its thermostatic controls have been properly set by the Merchant before receipt of the Goods by the Carrier.

If the above requirements are not complied with, the Carrier shall not be liable for any loss of or damage to the Goods caused by such non-compliance.

(2) The Carrier shall not be liable for any loss of or damage to the Goods arising from defects, derangement breakdown, stoppage of, the temperature controlling machinery, plant, insulation or any apparatus of the Container, provided that the Carrier shall before or at the beginning of the Carriage exercise due diligence to maintain the refrigerated Container in an efficient state.

## 10. INSPECTION OF GOODS

The Carrier or any person authorized by the Carrier shall be entitled, but under no obligation, to open any Container or package at any time and to inspect the Goods.

## 11. MATTERS AFFECTING PERFORMANCE

(1) If at any time the Carriage is or is likely to be affected by any hindrance, risk, delay or difficulty of any kind (including the condition of the Goods), whensoever and howsoever arising (whether or not the Carriage has commenced) the Carrier may:  
(A) without notice to the Merchant abandon the Carriage of the Goods and where reasonably possible place the Goods or any part of them at the Merchant's disposal at any place which the Carrier may deem safe and convenient, whereupon the responsibility of the Carrier in respect of such Goods shall cease;  
(B) without prejudice to the Carrier's right subsequently to abandon the Carriage under (A) above, continue the Carriage.

In any event the Carrier shall be entitled to full Charges on Goods received for Carriage and the Merchant shall pay any additional costs resulting from the above mentioned circumstances.

(2) The liability of the Carrier in respect of the Goods shall cease on the delivery or other disposition of the Goods in accordance with the orders or recommendations given by any government or authority or any person acting or purporting to act as or on behalf of such government or authority.

## 12. METHODS AND ROUTE OF TRANSPORTATION

(1) The Carrier may at any time and without notice to the Merchant: use any means of transport or storage whatsoever; load or carry the Goods on any vessel whether named on the front hereof or not; transfer the Goods from one conveyance to another including transhipping or carrying the same on another vessel than that named on the front hereof or by any other means of transport whatsoever; at any place unload and remove Goods which have been stuffed in or on a Container and forward the same in any manner whatsoever; proceed at any speed and by any route in his discretion (whether or not the nearest or most direct or customary or advertised route) and proceed to stay at any place whatsoever once or more often and in any order; load or unload the Goods from any conveyance at any place (whether or not the place is a port named on the front hereof as the intended Port of Loading or intended Port of Discharge); comply with any orders or recommendations given by any government or authority or any person or body acting or purporting to act as or on behalf of such government or authority or having under the terms of the insurance on the conveyance employed by the carrier the right to give orders or directions; permit the vessel to proceed with or without pilots, to tow or be towed or to be dry-docked; permit the vessel to carry livestock, goods of all kinds, whether dangerous or not, explosives, munitions, or warlike stores. (2) The liberties set out in (1) above may be invoked by the Carrier for any purposes whatsoever whether or not connected with the Carriage of the Goods. Anything done in accordance with (1) above or any delay arising therefrom shall be deemed to be within the contractual Carriage and shall not be a deviation of whatsoever nature or degree.

## 13. DECK CARGO (AND LIVESTOCK)

(1) Goods of any description whether containerised or not may be stowed on or under deck without notice to the Merchant and such stowage shall not be a deviation of whatsoever nature or degree. Subject to (2) below, such Goods whether carried on deck or under deck shall participate in General Average and such Goods (other than livestock) shall be deemed to be within the definition of Goods for the purposes of the Hague Rules or any legislation making such Rules or the Hague-Visby Rules compulsorily applicable (such as COGSA or COGWA) to this Bill of Lading.

(2) Goods (not being Goods stuffed in Containers other than open flats or pallets) which are stated on the front of this Bill of Lading to be carried on deck and which are so carried (and livestock, whether or not carried on deck) are carried without responsibility on the part of the Carrier for loss or damage of whatsoever nature arising during carriage by sea or inland waterway whether caused by unseaworthiness or negligence or any other cause whatsoever. The Merchant shall defend, indemnify and hold harmless the Carrier against all and any extra cost incurred for any reason whatsoever in connection with carriage of such livestock.

## 14. DELIVERY OF GOODS

If delivery of the Goods or any part thereof is not taken by the Merchant at the time and place when and where the Carrier is entitled, to call upon the Merchant to take delivery thereof, the Carrier shall be entitled, without notice, to remove from a Container the Goods or that part thereof if stuffed in or on a Container and to store the Goods or that part thereof ashore, afloat, in the open or under cover at the sole risk and expense of the Merchant. Such storage shall constitute due delivery hereunder, and thereupon the liability of the Carrier in respect of the Goods or that part thereof shall cease.

## 15. GENERAL AVERAGE & BOTH-TO-BLAME COLLISION CLAUSE

The Carrier may declare General Average which shall be adjustable according to the York/Antwerp Rules of 1994 at any place at the option of the Carrier and the Amended Jasson Clause and Both-to-blame Clause as approved by BIMCO are to be considered as incorporated herein and the Merchant shall provide such security as may be required by the Carrier in this connection. (2) Notwithstanding (1) above, the Merchant shall defend, indemnify and hold harmless the Carrier in respect of any claim (and any expense arising therefrom) of a General Average or indemnity nature which may be made on the Carrier and shall provide such security as may be required by the Carrier in this connection.

(3) The Carrier shall be under no obligation to take any steps whatsoever to collect security for General Average contributions due to the Merchant.

## 16. FREIGHT & CHARGES

(1) Freight and Charges shall be deemed fully earned on receipt of the Goods by the Carrier and shall be paid and non-returnable in any event whether the Goods or Ship are thereafter lost or damaged.

(2) Freight and Charges are calculated on the basis of particulars furnished by or on behalf of the Merchant. The Carrier shall be entitled to request production of the commercial invoice for the Goods or true copy thereof and to inspect, reweigh, re-measure and revalue the Goods. In the event that the particulars provided by the Merchant are found to be incorrect, the Merchant shall pay the Carrier the double amount of the correct Charges (credit being given for the Charges charged) and the costs incurred by the Carrier in establishing the correct particulars.

(3) All Charges shall be paid without any set-off, counter-claim, deduction or stay of execution.

## 17. LIEN

The Carrier shall have a lien on the Goods and on any documents relating thereto for all Charges, damages and sums whatsoever due at any time to the Carrier with respect to the shipment of the Goods and with respect to prior shipments for the Merchant or its affiliates and the Carrier shall have a lien for General Average contributions to whomsoever due and for the costs of recovering the same. The Carrier shall have the right to sell the Goods and documents by public auction or private treaty without prior notice to the Merchant and at the Merchant's expense and without any liability towards the Merchant in order to recover any Charges, damages or sums due under this contract or any other contract or should it become apparent that any such Charges, damages or sums will not be paid by the Merchant when they become due whether this is caused by insolvency of the Merchant or for any other reason whatsoever.

## 18. VARIATION OF THE CONTRACT

No servant or agent of the Carrier shall have power to waive or vary any of the terms hereof unless such waiver or variation is in writing and is specifically authorized or ratified in writing by a director or officer of the Carrier.

## 19. PARTIAL INVALIDITY

If any provision in this Bill of Lading is held to be invalid or unenforceable by any court or regulatory or self-regulatory agency or body, such invalidity or unenforceability shall attach only to such provision. The validity of the remaining provisions shall not be affected thereby and this Bill of Lading contract shall be carried out as if such invalid or unenforceable provision were not contained herein.

## 20. JURISDICTION

Actions against the Freight Forwarder may be instituted only in place where the Freight Forwarder has his place of business as stated on the reverse of this Bill and shall not be governed by and construed in accordance with the Canadian Law in the province of Ontario.

